**C# Programming for Unity:**

**C# PROG. IN UNITY WHAT IS SCRIPTING**

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# **What is Scripting ?**

With reference to Unity, you will often hear developers talk about scripting.

What they really mean is…using a code editor like Microsoft Visual Studio or MonoDevelop to create and write the source code for the computer program.

OR in other words, giving instructions to the game objects in the scene view to do something.

For example, if we create a new game object in our scene window, as follows:

(NavigateTo).SCENE -- (IN).HIERARCHY -- (RightClick).3D Object => / (Select).Cube /

(IN).INSPECTOR – Transform – (3 dots) => / (Select).Reset /

(IN).PROJECT -- Assets -- \_SCRIPTS -- (RightClick).Create.C# Script => / NewBehaviourScript /

(IN).\_SCRIPTS -- (Select).NewBehaviourScript.(DragAndDrop) – HIERARCHY => / (Onto).Cube /

(IN).\_SCRIPTS => / (Select).NewBehaviourScript.(DoubleLeftClick) – VSCODE /

Naturally we want to be able to interact and control that object. E.g. Let's say we want to move the object (in the scene view) from a point A in the scene to another point B in the scene. To do this in unity we write a “script” (a computer program, the source code) then attach it to the object in the scene window that we want to move.

Now, the “strict” technical definition of scripting means => the program does not need to be “compiled” before running it. Rather your instructions/the program are interpreted at runtime. In effect you do not have the “hassle” of creating an executable .exe file before experiencing it. The source code is translated directly to the CPU at run-time (i.e. the source code is processed at the same time your program is being run and experiencing the application in real time) from any format into CPU machine language instructions.

Whereas compiling means “all your source code” is executed directly by the computer's CPU. i.e. the source code you have typed in your IDE is converted “all-at-the same-time” to the CPU's native assembly language before it is actually run (before runtime).

Please be aware effective from 01 Apr 2017 Unity has deprecated JavaScript (aka UnityScript) for programming, i.e. they now only officially support C# for programming.

# **Double Check your IDE Settings**

Now before we create the 1st script, there are several housekeeping tasks you should do first:

**1)Double check your IDE settin**gs are set up correctly. In other word’s check you have installed/install **visual studio 2015 or 2017** setup as your default IDE.

(NavigateTo).EDIT – Preferences – External Script Editor =>/ < (DropDownArrow).Visual Studio Code > /

**2)Create Asset folders** **(\_MATERIALS, \_PREFABS, \_SCENES, \_SCRIPTS**) have been created.

(IN).PROJECT -- (Select).ASSETS -- (Select.RightClick).Create – Folder -- / (F2/Rename).< **\_TEXTURES** > /

(IN).PROJECT -- (Select).ASSETS -- (Select.RightClick).Create – Folder -- / (F2/Rename).< **\_MATERIALS** > /

(IN).PROJECT -- (Select).ASSETS -- (Select.RightClick).Create – Folder -- / (F2/Rename).< **\_SCRIPTS** >/

(IN).PROJECT -- (Select).ASSETS -- (Select.RightClick).Create – Folder -- / (F2/Rename).< **\_SCENES** >/

(IN).PROJECT -- (Select).ASSETS -- (Select.RightClick).Create – Folder -- / (F2/Rename).< **\_PREFABS** >/

Graphical user interface, application, PowerPoint

Description automatically generated

# **How to Create a Script ?**

Ok In unity there are **2 keyways** to create a script 1)From inside the **Project panel** via the asset folder, or 2)Adding a script as a **component** to the object inside of the Inspector.

A picture containing text, screenshot, computer, computer

Description automatically generated(NavigateTo).PROJECT – (Select).Assets – \_SCRIPTS – (Right Click).Create => / C# Script – (Rename).XXX/

# **The Default Code : Namespaces, Inheritance**

It is very important to understand what the default code is and does, before charging headlong into your game, because that will help you narrow down what code you need. Also, whenever you create a new script in unity. It automatically creates a new class with the same name. At the beginning of your code. So “from the very top” of your script, the very first lines you see are:

using System.Collections;

using System.Collections.Generic;

using UnityEngine;

In unity C# these are known as **namespaces** or **code libraries**. Anytime you see a statement with the command **"using"** --> it means you can access the **commands, classes, methods & objects** from those libraries for use in your code. **A namespace is used to avoid naming conflicts**. For example, when you start to add libraries from other programmers it is highly likely you are going to use classes, methods & objects with the same names. Therefore, we create a **namespace** as a unique group name identifier for the collection of classes, methods & objects that it contains.

# **The Class Declaration Statement, introduction to the Inheritance principle**

Moving down to the main body of the script. In **OOP** there is a principle called **inheritance**. Which means that the class NewBehaviourScript "inherits" all the **commands, classes, methods, and data** from the Monobehaviour class. The **class declaration statement** is typed as follows:

public class NewBehaviourScript : MonoBehaviour

{

//Ditto

}

The **MonoBehaviour class** = **is aka the Parent (Base) class used to derive your C# script** -> It contains all the **commands, methods, classes,** and components from the unity game engine to use in your C# script. MonoBehaviour is an **API.** For example, using JavaScript in Unity every script **automatically or implicitly** derives the code from the MonoBehaviour class.

However, when using C#, you must **explicitly** derive (or inherit) your code from the MonoBehaviour class. MonoBehaviour is also part of the UnityEngine namespace (i.e. using UnityEngine). So, if we delete the UnityEngine namespace => you will get an error. When you create a new script; by default, Unity creates 2 methods or functions (between the two curly braces inside the body of the class) => **void Start()** and **void Update()** aka **The Default Execution Order** **functions.** If you do not inherit from MonoBehaviour you “WILL NOT” be able to use these two functions as they are derived from the Monobehaviour class. **void start() function is called only once for the duration of your script, at the start of your application. Whereas Void update() is called repeatedly at each frame.** OK so how do we use the code. Let’s start by typing **Debug.Log** which echo outputs or prints the string contents as a message to the Unity Console Window.

using System.Collections;

using System.Collections.Generic;

using UnityEngine;

public class NewBehaviourScript : MonoBehaviour

{

    // Start is called before the first frame update

    void Start()

    {

    }

    // Update is called once per frame

    void Update()

    {

    }

}

/End